Relationships, Sex and Health Education Policy



Christ Church C of E Primary School

CONTEXT

Our children learn about relationships and sex from the very youngest age, even if we don't talk directly with them about it. A child's learning about relationships and sex will primarily come from their parents or carers, and schools should always work in partnership with home. Parents and carers need to know that the school's RSHE programme will complement their role and support them in the education of their child in this important area. The school will ensure that parents' and carers' views are heard and that taught RSHE is

The school will ensure that parents' and carers' views are heard and that taught RSHE is culturally appropriate and inclusive of all our children.

With this in mind, the school has consulted the pupils on what they feel they need to know more about and what they already know about in order to help us re design the RSHE curriculum with them at the for front. Additionally, we have consulted parents through a curriculum evening, sharing with them the draft RSHE policy and where we hope to take the next curriculum.

As a Church of England school RSHE will be consistent with the school's Christian ethos and values:

- RSHE should emphasise respect, compassion, loving care and forgiveness.
- RSHE should be taught in the light of belief in the absolute worth of all people and the unconditional infinite love of God.
- RSHE should be sensitive to the circumstances of all children and be mindful of the variety of expression of family life in our culture.
- RSHE should be taught in the context of eliminating discrimination against any individual in our society.

RATIONALE

What is RSHE and what is its aim?

The aim of Relationships, Sex and Health Education is to promote pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development and to prepare all pupils for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of life.

What are the elements of RSHE?

There are 9 overarching elements to RSHE which work to develop the pupils' knowledge and understanding, attitudes and values and personal and social skills. The 9 elements that will be covered are:

- Healthy Relationships
- Money
- Rights and Responsibilities
- Healthy Lifestyles
- Keeping Safe
- Media Influence
- Hurtful Behaviour and Anti-bullying
- Valuing Difference
- Growing and Changing

What is our school's approach to RSHE?

At Christ Church C of E Primary School the RSHE curriculum is taught through a planned PSHE programme, which has been re developed to focus on the areas the children feel they need to know more about following a pupil voice. This is in line with the National Curriculum including the science programme of study and with the support of some external agencies.

EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES

What is the school's approach to equal opportunities?

The school strongly believes that all pupils should have access to RSHE that is relevant to their needs.

When teaching about 'Growing and changing' in KS2 children are split into gender groups and this is taught by a familiar adult in order to enable to children to have the opportunities to ask more personal or gender specific questions should they wish to.

Teaching and resources will be differentiated as appropriate to address the needs of all children in order for them to have full access to the content of Relationships and Sex Education.

THE TEACHING OF RSHE

The RSHE Curriculum

By the end of KS1 children will have learn about:

- Responsibility
- Growing Up
- People who help us
- Keeping ourselves clean
- Changes and Life Cycles
- Changes

 The Human Life Cycle
- Being Unique
- Personal Hygiene
- The 'PANTS' Rule

During the teaching of PHSE and RSHE the children in KS1 with be taught in their normal class groups by the class teacher.

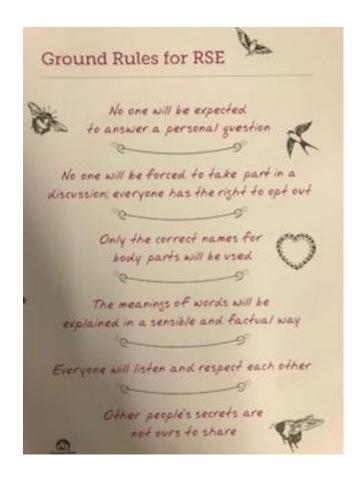
By the end of KS2 children will have learnt about:

- Similarities and Differences Body parts
- Where do babies come from?
- Changes

 Physical, Becoming Independent, Responsibilities, Emotional
- Similarities and Differences Reproductive Organs
- Type of Love
- Personal Hygiene Hand Washing, Infection, Anti-biotics, Keeping Clean
- Genetic Inheritance
- Life Cycle (including births and new babies)
- Relationships

During the teaching of PHSE and RSHE the children in KS2 by the class teacher as a whole class for many aspects of the PHSE and RSHE Curriculum. Some aspects of the curriculum will see the KS2 children taught by their class teacher of another familiar teacher in the school in single gender groups.

During all RSHE sessions the ground rules will be discussed at the start of the session these are:



PUPIL QUESTIONS

Staff will try to answer questions raised by the children. Question boxes will be available for children to ask questions anonymously, these will be accessible at any time. At the end of each session there will be a question and answer sessions, open to all pupils.

Teachers will endeavour to answer questions as honestly as possible but questions they do not feel comfortable answering within the classroom or ones which are not age appropriate and beyond the Key Stage 2 objectives, will not be answered or explored.

CONFIDENTIALITY

Dealing with disclosures

If a disclosure is made staff will follow the school's safeguarding policy. A member of staff cannot promise confidentiality if a concern exists.

MONITORING AND REVIEWING

Monitoring is the responsibility of the head teacher, named governor and teacher with responsibility for PSHE. The effectiveness of the RSHE programme will be evaluated by assessing children's learning and implementing change if required. When reviewing the policy pupil voices will be carried out and consultations will be held with parents.

This policy document will be available to parents via our website or via requesting a paper copy from the school office.

Appendix One – PSHE overview with RSHE aspects highlighted.

Christ Church C of E Primary

PSHE Scheme of work – Whole School overview. Aspects relating to RSHE policy highlighted in grey

	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
	Value: Compassion	Value:	Value: Courage
	PSHE focus: Relationships	PSHE focus: Living in the Wider World	PSHE focus: Health and Well being
Year	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:
3/4	<u>Friendships</u>	Shared Responsibilities	Healthy Lifestyles
	R10: about the importance of friendships;	L1: to recognise reasons for rules and laws;	H4: how to recognise that habits can have
	strategies for building positive friendships;	consequences of not adhering to rules and	both positive and negative effect on a healthy
	how positive friendships supports wellbeing.	laws.	lifestyle.
	R11: what constitutes a positive healthy	L2: to recognise there are human rights, that	H5: about what good physical health means;
	friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust,	are there to protect everyone.	how to recognise early signs of physical illness.
	truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity,	L3 : about the relationships between rights and	H6: about what constitutes a healthy diet; how
	sharing interests and experiences, support	responsibilities.	to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and
	with problems and difficulties); that the same	Communities	wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods;
	principles apply to online friendships as to	L6: about the different groups that make up	risks associated with not eating a heathy diet
	face-to-face relationships.	their community; what living in a community	including obesity and tooth decay.
	R12: to recognise what it means to 'know	means.	Mental Health
	someone online' and how this differs from	L7: to value the different contributions that	H17: to recognise that feelings can change
	knowing someone face-to-face; risks of	people and groups make to the community.	over time and range in intensity.
	communicating online with others not known	Economic Well-being: Money	H18: about everyday things that can affect
	face-to-face.	L20: to recognise that people make spending	feelings and the importance of expressing
	R13: the importance of seeking support if	decisions based on priorities, needs and	feelings.
	feeling lonely, bullied or excluded.	wants.	H20: strategies to respond to feelings,
	R14: that healthy friendships make people feel	L21: different ways to keep track of money.	including intense or conflicting feelings; how
	included; recognise when others may feel	L22: about risks associated with money (e.g.	to manage and respond to feelings
	lonely or excluded; strategies for how to	money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of	appropriately and proportionately in different
	include them.	keeping money safe.	situations.
	R15: strategies for recognising and managing		H21: to recognise warning signs about mental
	peer influence and a desire for peer approval	Economic Well-bring: Aspirations, work &	health and wellbeing and how to seek support
	in friendships; to recognise the effect of online	career	for themselves and others.

actions on others.

R21: about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it.

Safe Relationships

R22: about privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendship and wider relationships (including online).

R23: about why someone may behave differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not; strategies for recognising risks, harmful content and contact; how to report concerns.

R28: how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or something that makes them feel uncomfortable.

Respecting themselves and others

R31: to recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships.

Keeping Safe

H37: reasons for following and complying with regulations and restrictions (including age restrictions); how they promote personal safety and wellbeing with reference to social media, television programmes, films, games and online gaming.

H42: about the importance of keeping personal information private; strategies for

L25: to recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements, set goals to help achieve personal outcomes.

L26: that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers, that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life.

L27: about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them.

Ourselves – Growing and Changing

H25: about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes)

H26: that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex.

H28: to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth.

H27: to recognise their individuality and personal qualities.

H29: about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking.

Keeping Safe

H43: about what is meant by first aid; basic techniques for dealing with common injuries. **H44:** how to respond and react in an emergency situation; how to identify situations that may require the emergency services; know how to contact them and what to say.

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	keeping safe online, including how to manage		
	requests for personal information or images of		
	themselves and others; what to do if		
	frightened or worried by something seen or		
	read online and how to report concerns,		
	inappropriate content and contact.		
Year	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:
5/6	Families and Close relationships	Media Literacy / Digital Resilience	Healthy Lifestyles
	R1: to recognise that there are different types	L11: recognise ways in which the internet and	H1: how to make informed decisions about
	of relationships (e.g. friendships, family	social media can be used both positively and	health.
	relationships, romantic relationships, online	negatively.	H2: about the elements of a balanced, healthy
	relationships)	L12: how to assess the reliability of sources of	lifestyle.
	R2: that people may be attracted to someone	information online; and how to make safe;	H3: about choices that support a healthy
	emotionally, romantically and sexually; that	reliable choices from search results.	lifestyle, and recognise what might influence
	people may be attracted to someone of the	L13 : about some of the different ways	these.
	same sex or different sex to them; that gender	information and data is shared and used	Mental Health
	identity and sexual orientation are different.	online, including for commercial purposes.	H15: that mental health, just like physical
	R3: about marriage and civil partnership as a	L15: recognise things appropriate to share and	health is part of daily life; the importance of
	legal declaration of commitment made by two	things that should not be shared on social	taking care of mental health.
	adults who love and care for each other, which	media; rules surrounding distribution of	H16: about strategies and behaviours that
	is intended to be lifelong.	images.	support mental health – including how good
	R4: that forcing anyone to marry against their	Economic Well-being: Money	quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors,
	will is a crime; that help and support is	L17: about the different ways to pay for things	being involved in community groups, doing
	available to people who are worried about this	and the choices people have about this.	things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies
	for themselves or others.	L18: to recognise that people have different	and spending time with family and friends can
	Respecting themselves and others	attitudes towards saving and spending money;	support mental health and wellbeing.
	R32: about respecting the differences and	what influences people's decisions; what	H22: to recognise that anyone can experience
	similarities between people and recognising	makes something 'good value for money'	mental ill health; that most difficulties can be
	what they have in common with others e.g.	L24: To identify the ways that money can	resolved with help and support; and that is it
	physically, in personality or background.	impact on people's feelings and emotions.	important to discuss feelings with a trusted
	R33: to listen and respond respectfully to a	Economic Well-bring: Aspirations, work &	adult.
	wide range of people, including those whose	career	H23: about change and loss, including death,
	traditions, beliefs and lifestyles are different to	L30: about some of the skills that will help	and how these can affect feelings; ways of

their own.

R34: how to discuss and debate topical issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with.

Drugs, Alcohol and Tobacco

H46: about the risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, ecigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to break.

H47: to recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to own, use and give to others.

H48: about why people choose to use or not use drugs (including nicotine, alcohol and medicines).

H49: about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping.

H50: about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns.

them in their future careers e.g. teamwork communication and negotiation.

L31: to identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older.

L32: to recognise a variety of route into careers e.g. college, apprenticeship, university

expressing and managing grief and bereavement.

H24: problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotion, challenge and change, including the transition to new schools.

Ourselves – Growing and Changing

H33: about the processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a baby being made); how babies need to be cared for.

H34: about where to get more information, help and advice about growing and changing, especially about puberty.

H35: about the new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring.

H36: strategies to manage transitions between classes and key stages.

Keeping Safe

H45: that radicalisation is a process where a person comes to adopt increasingly extreme ideas.

